

<b>Seat</b>	
<b>No.</b>	

**S. Y. (ETC) (Sem. IV)**  
**Examination, May - 2025**  
**Linear Integrated Circuits**  
**Sub. Code : 79182**

**Day and Date : Thursday, 15/05/2025**

**Total Marks : 70**

**Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.**

- Instructions :**
- i) Attempt all questions.**
  - ii) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.**
  - iii) Assume necessary data if required and highlight.**

**Q.1 Solve the Following MCQs.**

**[14]**

- 1) The conditions for Oscillation are
  - A) Loop gain = 1 & total phase shift = 180
  - B) Loop gain = 1 & total phase shift =90
  - C) Loop gain =1 & total phase shift =360
  - D) Loop gain = 1 & total phase shift =270
- 2) The op-amp can amplify
  - A) a.c. signals only
  - B) d.c. signals only
  - C) both a.c. and d.c. signals
  - D) neither d.c. nor a.c. signals
- 3) For an ideal comparator, what should be the value of the response time?
  - A) Zero
  - B) Unity
  - C) Infinite
  - D) Unpredictable
- 4) What happens when the operating frequency of an op-amp increase?
  - A) Gain of the amplifier decrease
  - B) Phase shift between output and input signal decrease
  - C) Gain and phase shift of amplifier decreases
  - D) None of these

- 5) The feedback circuit in Hartley Oscillator is buildup of .....
- A) One inductor & two capacitors
  - B) Two inductor & two capacitors
  - C) One inductor & one capacitor
  - D) Two inductor & one capacitor
- 6) What will be the frequency of output waveform of a square wave generator if  $R_2 = 1.16R_1$ ?
- A)  $f_0 = (1/2RC)$
  - B)  $f_0 = (1/2 RC)$
  - C)  $f_0 = (\ln /2 \times \sqrt{RC})$
  - D)  $f_0 = (\ln /2 \times \sqrt{RC})$
- 7) If the input voltage at non inverting terminal is 3V and output voltage is 12V, Assume gain is 3, then find the input voltage at inverting terminal of Op-amp.
- A) -1V
  - B) 2V
  - C) 1V
  - D) -3V

**Q.2 Answer any TWO. [14]**

- a) With the help of AC analysis of DIBO differential amplifier / derive an expression for differential gain, common mode gain and input resistance.
- b) Explain full wave rectifier circuit using OP-AMP with waveform.
- c) Differentiate between inverting and non-inverting amplifier.

**Q.3 Answer any TWO. [14]**

- a) Derive an expression for summing, scaling and averaging amplifier for inverting configuration.
- b) Explain subtractor circuit in detail.
- c) An OP-AMP has a slew rate of  $0.5V/\mu s$ . If the signal varies by  $0.25V$  in  $10 \mu s$ . Find the maximum voltage gain.

**Q.4 Answer any TWO.****[14]**

- a) Draw internal structure of IC 555 and explain it in detail.
- b) Explain in detail square wave generator using OP-AMP and state its applications.
- c) Derive an expression for cut off frequency of second order low pass butterworth filter.

**Q.5 Answer any TWO.****[14]**

- a) Design second order L.P.F. for cutoff frequency of 300 Hz. Draw a circuit diagram. Assume  $C = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ , Pass band Gain = 1.5.
  - b) Explain IC OP 177 OP-AMP in detail.
  - c) Classify the oscillators and explain RC phase shift oscillator.
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