Seat No.

S.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) (Semester - III) Examination, May - 2019

ANALOG CIRCUITS - I

Sub. Code: 63461

Day and Date: Thursday, 02 - 05 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Right to figure indicates full marks.
- 3) Use data sheets.
- 4) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

Q1) Solve any two.

[16]

- Explain working of low pass filter as an integrator. Design low pass filter for cutoff frequency of 10KHz.
- b) What is clipper circuits? Explain diode series clipper with its transfer characteristics.
- c) Write short note on voltage Doubler.

Q2) Solve any two.

[16]

- Explain BWR working with suitable diagrams. Derive expression for ripple factor, when capacitor filter is used.
- b) Explain with suitable diagram L filter & derive its ripple factor.
- c) Design power supply using capacitor filter for Vdc = 9v, Idc = 50mA, r = 0.02.

Q3) Solve any two.

[18]

- a) Design series pass transistor for following specifications $V_0 = 10.2V$, Vin = 15 to 20V, $I_0 = 90$ mA, $hfe_1 = 40$ $hfe_2 = 110$.
- b) Explain working of transistorised shunt regulator & then design it for Vin = 10 to 15V, $V_0 = 6V$, $I_0 = 50$ mA use transistor having hfe = 40.

c) Explain the use of pre - regulator & write its design steps with the help of one example.

Q4) Attempt any two questions.

[16]

- a) Draw and explain hybrid equivalent circuit for CB configuration of transistor.
- b) Derive expression for A₁, Y₁, Av and Ro of C_E amplifier in terms of h-parameter.
- c) Derive expression for lower 3dB frequency of C_E amplifier by considering coupling capacitor [Cc]. Calculate Cc for $R_1 = 10K\Omega$, $R_2 = 4.7K\Omega$, hie = $3.8K\Omega$, hfe = 100, $R_2 = 500\Omega$.

Q5) Attempt any two questions.

[16]

- a) Draw and explain high frequency model for transistor. Derive expression for f_B consider short circuit load.
- Derive the expression for higher cut off frequency of R-C coupled amplifier considering square wave.
- c) Design single stage R-C coupled C_E amplifier $V_{CC} = 15V$, hfe = 50, AV = 70, hie = 3.2K Ω , frequency range 10Hz to 20 kHz, S = 10.

Q6) Attempy any three questions.

[18]

- Derive the expression for lower cut off frequency of R-C coupled amplifier considering square wave.
- b) Explain the transfer characteristics of p-channel enhancement MOSFET.
- c) Explain with circuit voltage divider bias for FET.
- d) For C_E amplifier has hfe = 50, hie = $2.2 \text{K}'\Omega$, hoe = 50×10^{-6} , hre = 2×10^{-4} , Rc = $2 \text{K}\Omega$, RL = $5 \text{K}\Omega$, R1 = $12 \text{K}\Omega$, R2 = $4.7 \text{K}\Omega$. Calculate Av, Ai, Yo.



Seat No.

S.E. (ETC) (Part - II) (Semester - IV) Examination, May - 2019 ANALOG COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

Sub. Code: 63470

Day and Date: Friday, 24-05-2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Assume suitable data, if required.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Solve any three:

[3×6]

- a) Draw and explain Trapezoidal patterns for AM.
- Draw and explain frequency spectrum and phase representation of AM wave.
- c) A carrier wave frequency of 10Mhz and peak value of 10V is applied and amplitude modulated by a 5Khz sine wave of amplitude 6V. Determine modulation index and sideband frequencies.
- d) Describe operation of phase shift method of SSB.

Q2) Solve any two:

 $[2\times8]$

- a) Explain concept of angle modulation with respect to FM.
- b) Comment on pre-emphasis and de-emphasis used in FM.
- c) Write note on indirect method of FM generation.

Q3) Solve any Two:

[2×8]

- a) Explain methods of tracking.
- b) Explain effect of AGC with characteristics
- c) Write note on image frequency and double spotting.



SECTION - II

Q4)	So	lve any	two:
~ "			

 $[2 \times 8]$

- a) Explain PLL-FM demodulator.
- b) Explain foster seeley discriminator.
- Explain in brief about noise figure, noise temperature, noise bandwidth, SNR.

Q5) Solve any two:

[2×8]

- a) Explain shot noise, thermal noise, avalanche noise, burst noise.
- b) Write note on flat top sampling.
- c) Write note on classification of noise.

Q6) Solve any three

[3×6]

- a) Explain PWM applications.
- b) Compare PAM with PWM.
- c) State and prove sampling theorem.
- d) Explain PCM transmitter.

Seat No.

S.E. (ETC) (Part - II) (Semester - IV) (Revised) Examination, May -2019 LINEAR INTERGRATED CIRCUITS

Sub. Code: 63467

Day and Date: Thursday, 16 - 05 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Attempt any Two.

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- a) Draw AC equivalent circuit for DIBO-DA. Derive expression for Ri and Ro.
- b) Explain any four ideal and practical parameters of Op amp.
- c) With neat circuit diagram explain Instrumentation Amplifier using three op amp. Derive the expression for voltage gain for the same.

Q2) Attempt any two.

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- a) Discuss any two methods of frequency compensation used in op amp.
- Explain open loop and closed loop configuration of op amp.
- c) Draw and explain peak detector in details.

Q3) Write short notes on any three.

 $[3 \times 6 = 18]$

- a) IC CA3140
- b) Thermal Drift
- c) Current mirror circuits
- d) Sample & Hold Circuits

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SECTION - II

Q4) Attempt any two.

164 49

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- With neat circuit diagram explain Wide Band Reject Filter with its frequency response.
- b) Design second order low pass butterworth filter with higher cut off frequency of 2KHz. Draw the design circuit diagram and sketch its frequency response. Assume C = 0.01 uf and pass band gain = 1.586.
- c) With neat diagram explain Timer IC 555.

Q5) Attempt any two.

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- With neat circuit diagram explain Hartley and Colpitts oscillator using Op amp.
- b) Explain triangular wave generator with waveform.
- Explain with neat diagram and waveform use of IC 555 as monostable multivibrator.

Q6) Write short notes on any three.

 $[3 \times 6 = 18]$

- a) IC OP 177 op amp
- b) IC 565 PLL
 - c) RC phase shift oscillator
 - d) Chebyshev filter



Seat No.

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S.E. (E & TC) (Part - II) (Semester - IV) Examination, May - 2019 ANALOG CIRCUITS - II

Sub. Code: 63466

Day and Date: Tuesday, 14-05-2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- Assume suitable data, if required.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I (A)

Q1) Attempt any two:

[16]

- a) Design two stage direct amplifier with transistor specification Q_1 and Q_2 . hfe = 100, $I_{C(max)} = 100 \text{mA}$, $V_{CE(max)} = 30 \text{ V}$, $V_{O(p-p)} = 5 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 10 \text{k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$, s = 5
- b) Derive the parameter equations such as Ri, Ro, Av and Ai for voltage series negative feedback.
- c) Design current series negative amplifier for following specifications: $V_{CC} = 12V$, Av = 30, S = 10, use transistor BC147A.

Q2) Attempt any two:

[16]

- Design two stage common emitter amplifier to provide the following specification.
 - VCC = 10v, VO = 3V (rms), AVF \geq 100, RS = 600 Ω , RL = 1 k Ω , f = 20Hz-20 kHz, use transistor BC147B
- b) Design class AB push-pull amplifier for following specifications: Po = 400mW, loud speaker impedance = 6Ω , V_{CC} = 12V
- c) Design class A push-pull amplifier for following specifications : Po = 500 mW, loud speaker impedance Ω , $V_{CC} = 12 \text{V}$

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Q3) Write note on any three

[18]

- a) 3 point method of calculating harmonic distortion of power amplifier.
- b) Complementary symmetry power amplifier
- c) Types of negative feedback
- d) Classification of Power Amplifiers

SECTION - II (B)

Q4) Attempt any two:

[16]

- Derive the expression for frequency of oscillation for Wein Bridge Oscillator.
- b) Design Hartley's Oscillator with following data $V_0 = 6V$ (p-p), Fo=2MHz, S=9.Transistor Data, PD = 0.2 W, VCE (max) = 40V, hfe = 110, hie = $2.7K\Omega$, IC (max.) = 0.1A
- c) Design RC phase shift oscillator for following data, Fo=2.5KHz, IC (sat.) = 4.5mA, hfe=50, hie = 4.5K Ω , S=10.

Q5) Attempt any two:

[16]

- Design a stable multivibrator for symmetric square wave with following data, Frequency = 500Hz, Vo = 12V, hfe(min) = 50, VBE(sat.) = VCE (sat.) = 0V, IC (sat.) = 6mA.
- b) Design power supply using LM 317 for following data VO = 8 to 10V at 100mA current, and Input voltage in the range of 20V to 24V.
- Design Monostable multivibrator for following data,
 TP=2.5ms, VCC=10V, VBB=-2V, VCE (sat.) = 0.7V, IC(sat)=5mA,
 C1=0.3μF, hfe(min)=40.

Q6) Write note on any three

[18]

- a) IC 723.
- b) Barkhausen's criteria.
- c) Schmitt Trigger.
- d) Transistor switching parameters.



Seat No.

S.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) (Part - I) (Semester - III) Examination, May - 2019 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Sub. Code: 63462

Day and Date: Saturday, 04 - 05 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Assume appropriate data if needed.
- Q1) Solve any two of the following.

[16]

- a) Design and implement half adder with truth table.
- b) Design and implement one bit comparator.
- c) Give the specifications of digital IC's & explain propagation delay.
- Q2) Solve any two of the following.

[16]

- a) Design and implement 4 bit Binary to Gray code converter.
- b) Design 8:1 MUX using two 4:1 MUX.
- c) Design following logic function using 16:1MUX with truth table $F = \sum m(0,1,4,8,9,12,13,14)$.
- Q3) Solve any two of the following.

[18]

- a) Evaluate & minimize following expression using k-map $F(ABCD) = \sum m(0,1,4,5,6,7,9,11,15) + d(10,14).$
- b) Design & implement 4 bit comparator using IC7485.
- c) Explain multiplexer IC 74151.



Q4) Attempt any three.

[18]

- With suitable logic diagram and truth table explain SR flip flop with preset and clear inputs.
- b) Explain serial in serial out 4-bit shift register. Draw waveforms also.
- c) Write excitation table for SR, D and JK flip flop.
- d) Explain 3-bit ripple down counter with suitable state diagram and truth table.

Q5) Attempt any two.

[16]

- a) Explain effect of clock skew and clock jitter on synchronous designs.
- b) Explain sequence detector with suitable example.
- c) Differentiate between Mealy & Moore machine.

Q6) Attempt any two.

[16]

- a) Explain classification of memories in detail.
- b) Realize JK flip flop using SR flip flop.
- c) Explain Static and Dynamic RAM cell.



Seat No.

S.E. (ETC) (Semester - IV) Examination, May - 2019 ELECTROMAGNETICS ENGINEERING Sub. Code: 63469

Day and Date: Wednesday, 22 - 05 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Instructions:

- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- Make suitable assumptions if necessary and state it clearly.

SECTION-I

Q1) Solve any two.

[2×8=16]

- a) A point charge $Q_1 = 2$ mC is located in free space at $P_1(-3,7,4)$ while $Q_2 = 5$ mC is at $P_2(2,4,-1)$. Find $F_2 \& F_1$.
- b) A uniform line charge, $P_1 = 25 \text{ nC/m}$ lies on the line X = -3, Z = 4 in free space. Find E in Cartesian components at Origin
- c) Find the gradient of the function A given $A = \cosh xyz$.

Q2) Solve any two.

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- a) Evaluate work done in bringing a charge of μ C from origin to P(2,-1,4) through field $E = 2xyz \ a_x + x^2z \ a_y + x^2ya_z$ (V/m) through the line path, straight line segments (0, 0, 0) to (2, 0, 0) to (2, -1,0) to (2, -1,4).
- Explain electric flux density D for point charge, line charge and surface charge.
- c) Evaluate Electric field intensity due to infinite line charge.



3) Solve any three.

[3×6=18]

- a) What is polarization in dielectric?
- b) Explain the Cylindrical coordinate system.
- c) Write a note on boundary condition for dielectric dielectric interface.
- d) Explain method of image for line charge.

SECTION-II

1) Solve any two.

[2×8=16]

- a) Derive Maxwell's equation in point form.
- State and explain Stoke's Theorem in Cartesian, Cylindrical and spherical co-ordinate system.
- c) A plane wave travelling in air is normally incident on a block of a paraffin with $\varepsilon_r = 2.2$. Find Γ_R and Γ_T

5) Solve any two.

 $[2 \times 8 = 16]$

- a) A plane electromagnetic wave travelling in the +z direction in an unbounded lossless dielectric medium $\varepsilon_r = 3$ $\mu = 1$ has peak electric intensity E of 6V/m Find
 - i) The velocity of wave
 - ii) The intrinsic impedance of the wave
 - iii) Te peak value of the magnetic field intensity H.
- b) Estimate the incremental field dH_2 at point P_2 caused by a source at P_1 of $I_1 dL_1$ $2\pi a_z mt$, given $P_1(4,0,0) \& P_2(0,3,0)$
- c) Derive magnetic field intensity due to infinite long straight filament.

6) Solve any three.

[3×6=18]

- a) Derive transmission line equation.
- b) State and explain wavelength, velocity of propagation and group velocity.
- c) A lossless transmission line is 80 cm long and operates at a frequency of 600 MHz. The line parameters are L = 0.25 μ H/m and C = 100 pF/m. Find the characteristic impedance, the phase constant and the phase velocity.
- d) An infinite long current filament is placed along z-axis. The magnetic field intensity at point P (3, 4, 0) is $I_0 \left(-0.8a_x + 0.6a_y\right)$ A/m. Find the current trough the filament.

Seat No.

S.E. (Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering) (Part - II) (Semester - III) Examination, April - 2019 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III

Sub. Code: 63460

Day and Date: Friday, 26 - 04 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

3) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

SECTION-I

Q1) Solve any three of the following.

a)
$$(2D^2 + 5D - 3)y = \cos x$$
. [6]

b)
$$(D^2-3D+2)y=5xe^x$$
. [6]

c)
$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + 5$$
. [6]

d)
$$(2D^2 + 5D)y = 3x^2 + 2x + 1$$
 [6]

Q2) Solve any two of the following.

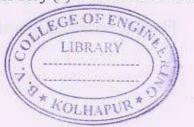
[8]

a) Find Fourier series for $f(x) = x^2$ in $(0, 2\pi)$ Hence deduce that

$$\frac{\pi^2}{3} = -\left\{\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots \right\}.$$
 [8]

b) Find Fourier series for $f(x) = e^{-x}$ in the interval (0, 2) [8]

c) Obtain half range sine series for $f(x) = \cos x$ in the interval $(0, \pi)$. [8]



23) Attempt any two of the following.

a) Find Fourier Transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}$ $-1 \le x \le 1$ [8]
0 otherwise

- b) Find Fourier Cosine Transform of $f(x) = e^{-x}$ and find f(x) by using inverse Cosine Fourier transform. [8]
- c) Find finite Fourier Cosine Transform and its inverse of f(x) = 2x in 0 < x < 4. [8]

SECTION-II

24) Attempt any three of the following.

[-8]

- a) Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function $f(t) = \frac{kt}{T}, 0 < t < T, f(t+T) = f(t).$
- b) Find the Laplace transform of $\sin \sqrt{t}$, hence find Laplace transform of $\frac{\cos \sqrt{t}}{2\sqrt{t}}$.
- c) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+4}{(s^2+4) s(s-1)}$.
- d) Using Laplace transform, solve $(D^2+2D+5)y = e^{-t} \sin t$ where y(0) = 0 y'(0) = 1.

25) Attempt any two of the following.

[16]

- a) Find the Z-transform of $\sin (3k+5)$, $k \ge 0$.
- b) Find the Z-transform of the following functions
 - i) $f(k) = 3(2^k) 4(3^k), k \ge 0$
 - ii) $f(k) = a^{|k|}$
- c) Find the inverse Z- transform of $\frac{2z^2-10z+13}{(z-3)^2(z-2)}$, 2<|z|<3.

Q6) Attempt any two of the following.

[16]

- a) A vector field \overline{F} is given by $\overline{F} = (y\sin z \sin x)i + (x\sin z + 2yz)j + (xy\cos z + y^2)k$. Prove that it is irrotational and hence find its scalar potential.
- b) Find the constants a and b so that the surface $ax^2-2byz=(a+4)x$ will be orthogonal to the surface $4x^2y+z^3=4$ at (1,-1,2).
- c) Show that $\nabla \left[\frac{(\overline{a}.\overline{r})}{r^n} \right] = \frac{\overline{a}}{r^n} \frac{n(\overline{a}.\overline{r})\overline{r}}{r^{n+2}}$, Where $\overline{r} = xi + yj + zk$ and $\overline{a} = a_1i + a_2j + a_3k$.



Seat Total No. of Pages : 3

S.E. (ETC) (Part - II (Semester - III) Examination, May - 2019

NETWORK ANALYSIS

Sub. Code: 63463

Day and Date: Tuesday, 07 - 05 - 2019

Total Marks: 100

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions:

No.

1) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

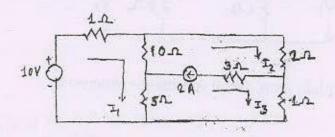
2) All questions are compulsory.

SECTION - I

Q1) Solve any two.

[16]

a) Determine current in 5Ω resistor for network shown in figure

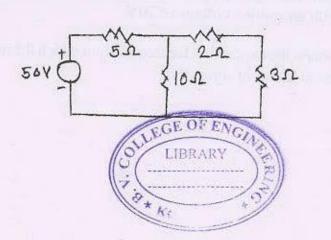


- b) Write a note on tree, co-tree, twigs and links
- c) Derive star -delta transformations.

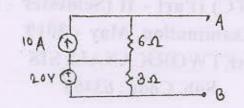
Q2) Solve any two

[16]

a) Use Thevenin's theorem to find the current in 3Ω resistor for the circuit shown in figure.



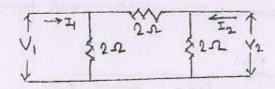
b) Replace the given network shown in figure by a single current source in parallel with a resistance.



- c) State and explain Millman's Theorem
- 3) Solve any two

[18]

- a) Derive series connection of two port network.
- Find ABCD-Parameter for the following Circuit



c) Explain short circuit admittance parameter.

SECTION - II

)4) Solve any two

[18]

- Derive expression of resonance frequency for parallel resonance.
- Show that BW = (fr/Q) for series RLC. Calculate f0, f1 and f2 for series RLC having 50Ω resistance, 0.2H inductance and 10 μF capacitance with an applied voltage of 20V.
- Obtain the expression for frequency at which the maximum voltage across the inductor in series RLC.

)5) Solve any two

[16]

- a) Design constant k type low pass filter (T and π -section) having design impedance of 600Ω and cutoff frequency is 1.5kHz.
- Derive expressions of Z_{OT} and $Zo\pi$ for filters.
- Design m-derived high pass filter (T and π -section) having design impedance of 600Ω and cutoff frequencies are 10kHz and m = 0.3.

(16) Solve any two

[16]

- Explain DC voltage response for RC circuit.
- Write short note on sinusoidal voltage response for RL circuit.
- For the following Fig. 6. C capacitor has initial voltage Vc(-0) = 10V at the same instant current through inductor is zero, switch k is closed at t = 0. Find V(t) across the inductor.

